

NEBOSH

International Technical Certificate in Oil and Gas Operational Safety

Unit IOG1: Management of international oil and gas operational safety

Exam questions and answers

NEBOSH examiners' reports*



^{*}Feedback for the NEBOSH example Oil and Gas question paper (downloadable from the <u>NEBOSH website</u>), and the sample question paper from the <u>NEBOSH guide</u>.

Other examiners' reports can be purchased from the <u>NEBOSH shop</u>.

Unit IOG1: Management of international oil and gas operational safety

Element 1: Health, safety and environmental management in context

exam question

Risk management tools and techniques are used to minimise hazardous events associated with oil and gas exploration and production activities.

- (a) **Identify** risk management tools and techniques. 6 marks
- (b) Identify the steps of risk management AND outline EACH of the steps identified.
- (c) **Identify** project phases where risk management applies. 6 marks

✓ bow-tie analysis

√ hazard and operability studies (HAZOP)

Suitable tools and techniques include:

answer expected by examiners

- ✓ Swiss cheese model
- ✓ job hazard analysis (JHA)
- √ fault tree analysis (FTA)
- ✓ failure modes effects analysis (FMEA).
- (b) The steps of risk management are as follows.
 - ✓ Identifying hazards an outline of a range of hazards is required.
 - ✓ Evaluating risk an outline of determining the acceptability of a specific risk is required.
 - ✓ Risk reduction measures an outline of mitigating measures, setting functional requirements and necessary risk reduction measures is required.
 - ✓ Review an outline of a review is required.
- (c) Suitable phases include:
 - √ design
 - ✓ construction
 - ✓ commissioning
 - ✓ start-up
 - ✓ shut down
 - ✓ decommissioning.



8 marks

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exam question

Outline the following terms.

(a) Upper flammable limit (UFL). 2 marks

(b) Lower flammable limit (LFL). 2 marks

(c) Flashpoint. 2 marks

(d) Highly flammable liquids. 2 marks

answer expected by examiners

- (a) The highest concentration of a flammable substance in air that will ignite when exposed to an ignition source. Above the UFL the mixture is too rich to burn.
- (b) The lowest concentration of a flammable substance in air that will ignite when exposed to an ignition source. Below the LFL the mixture is too lean to burn.
- (c) The minimum temperature to which a material must be heated for the vapours emitted to ignite in the presences of a flame.
- (d) Substances which remain liquid under pressure and having a flashpoint lower than 21°C.

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Element 1: Health, safety and environmental management in context

exam question

Many major oil/gas incidents have occurred in recent years, for example, Texas City, Mumbai High.

- (a) Outline FOUR reasons why such 4 marks incidents should be investigated by employers.
- (b) Identify FOUR parties, other 4 marks than the employer, who may want to investigate these types of incident.

answer expected by examiners

- (a) Reasons include:
 - ✓ preventing re-occurrence
 - ✓ meeting legal requirements
 - ✓ gathering evidence to defend against legal action
 - ✓ determining costs.
- (b) Interested parties include:
 - ✓ the local authority
 - ✓ the police
 - ✓ the coroner
 - ✓ insurance companies.